

LOGIC TREE



DEPTH



MINUTES



SMALL GROUP

Branching out to new solutions.

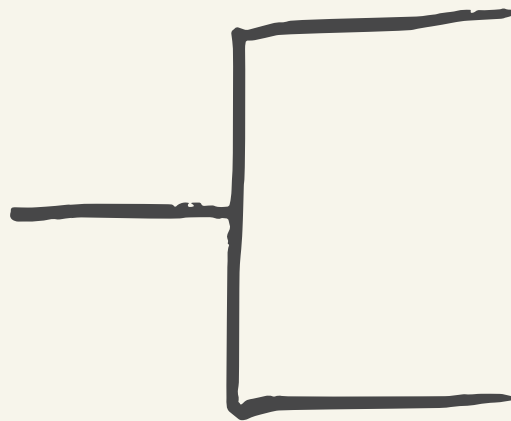
The process of creating a logic tree is simple – analyze the problem or question, offer solutions or answers, and generate ideas about how to accomplish them. Here's an example to get started:

1. Define the problem or question. A logic tree can answer two kinds of questions – “Why” or “How.” The clearer and more specific your question, the better it will work in your logic tree.

A sample question could be, “How can we reduce waste in our organization by 20%?”



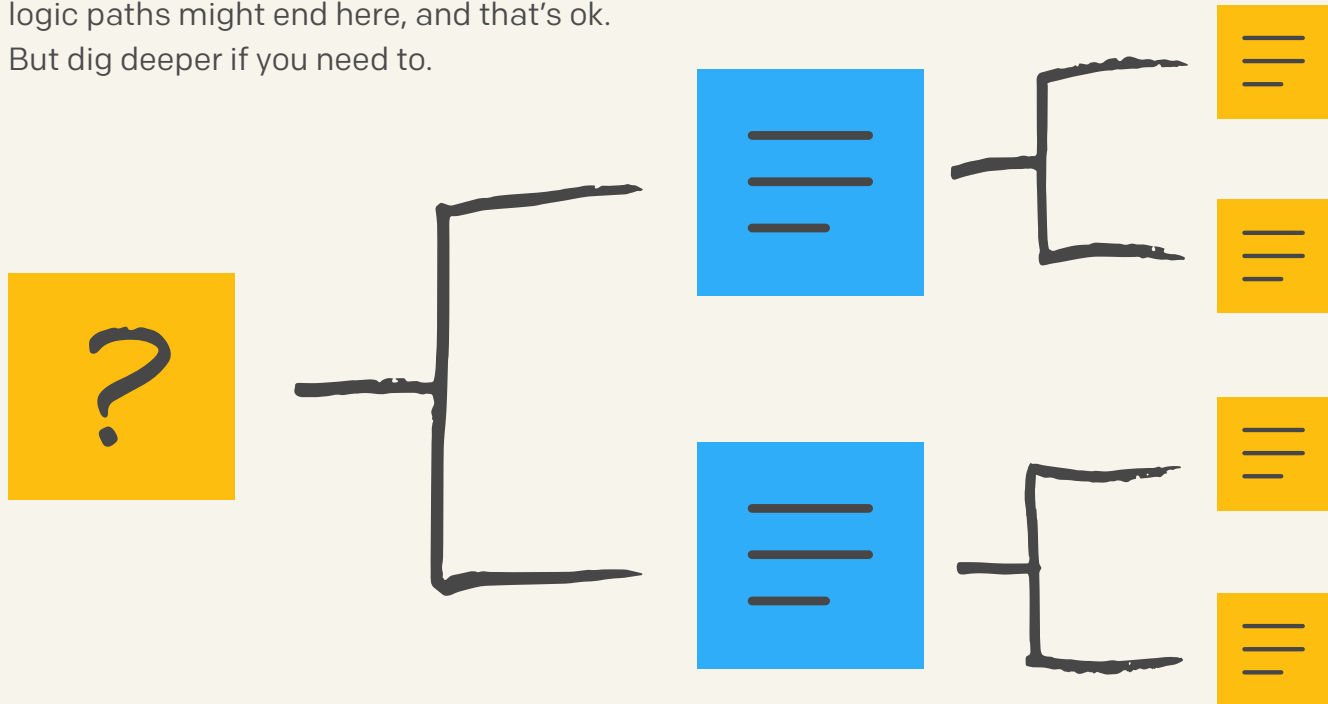
2. Offer possible answers. Choose at least two, but more can illuminate lots of possibilities.



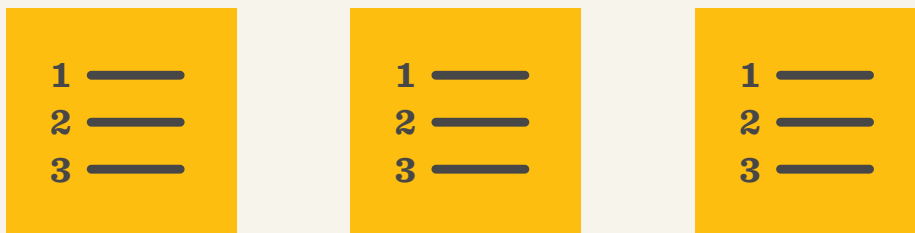
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- 3.** Elaborate on your solutions. What are their most important parts? Some of your logic paths might end here, and that's ok. But dig deeper if you need to.



- 4.** Get down to brass tacks. How do you make your solutions reality?



Remember, not every piece of your logic tree will have information for every step – some levels of the logic tree end quickly, while others extend much further. It helps to keep your logic tree in a flexible format where you can move parts of it around – which is, of course, where Post-it® Notes can really come in handy.